

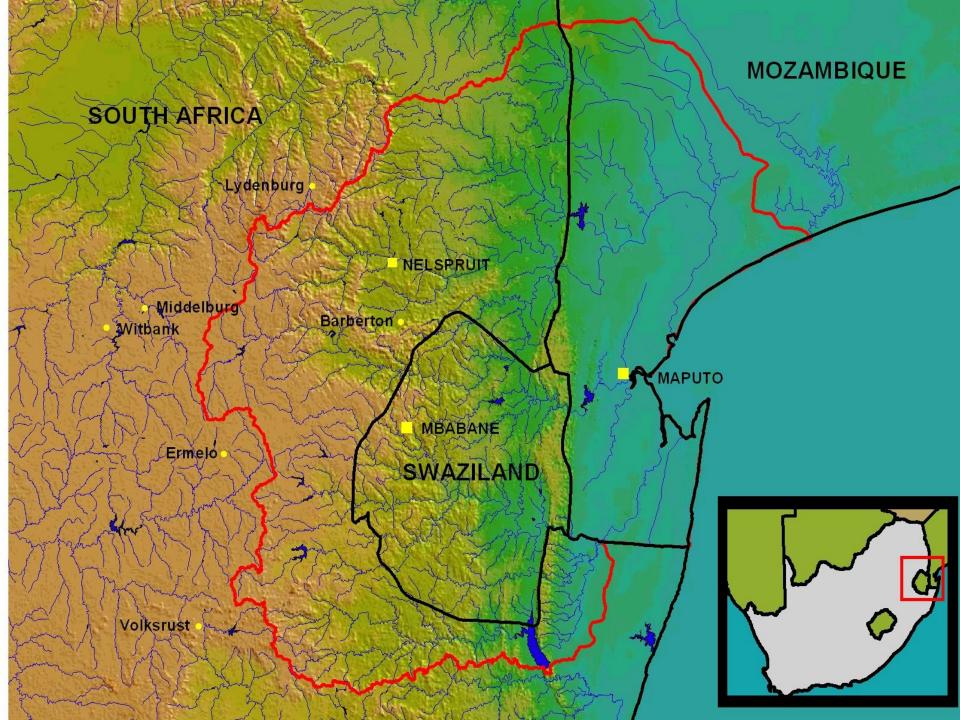
THESSALONIKI, GREECE 15-18 October 2008

A CASE STUDY:

THE DEVELOPMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOMAPUTO AGREEMENT BY MOÇAMBIQUE, SWAZILAND AND SOUTH AFRICA

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INCOMATI AND MAPUTO

WATERCOURCES





FIGURE 1: PROJECT AREA: INCOMATI AND MAPUTO WATERCOURSES



PHASE 1

1950 – Enough water for all needs

All countries develop with little or no consultation





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EARLY HISTORY

PHASE 2

- 1954 Swaziland increases abstraction from the Komati River to 9,71m3/s
- 1962 RSA completes Nooitgedacht Dam on the Komati River
- 1966 Swaziland completes Sand River Dam off channel of the Komati River
- 1971 RSA completes Vygeboom Dam on the Komati River
- 1983 Moçambique completes Corumana Dam on the Sabie River



EARLY HISTORY Phase 3

Agreements during the period 1964–1999.

- Agreement between the Governments of South Africa and Portugal in regard to Rivers of Mutual Interest and the Cunene River Scheme
- Agreement between the Governments of South Africa, Swaziland and Moçambique to Establishment a Tripartite Permanent Technical Committee
- Agreement reached at the Tripartite

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 Agreement reached at the Tripartite

 Ministerial Meeting of February 15 1991

 (Piggs Peak Agreement)



EARLY HISTORY Phase 3(Continued) Agreements during the period 1964–1999.

- Treaty on the Development and Utilization of the Water Resources of the Komati River Basin and Treaty on the Establishment and Functioning of the Joint Water Commission
- Joint Water Commission Between Moçambique and South Africa
- Joint Water Commission Between Swaziland and Moçambique







Relevant Transboundary
Conventions
Phase 4

- Helsinki Rules (1966)
- UN Convention on the Law of the Non-Navigational Uses of International Watercourses (1997)
- The SADC Protocol on Shared Watercourses (2000)





- STARTING UP IIMA Phase 5
- 1998 Mozambique expressed the need at high political level for an urgent water sharing agreement
- Swaziland supported the request as it would boost investor confidence for its planned LUSIP project on the Usutu River
- RSA wanted to utilise a big additional block of water out of its Pongolapoort Dam for the Lebombo Spatial Development





- KEY FACTORS THAT MOTIVATED IIMA
- INCOMATI SYSTEM HIGHLY STRESSED
- ONLY TWO PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE KOMATI RIVER DEVELOPMENT
- IMPROVED POLITICAL CLIMATE
- INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT NEEDS
- REVISED SADC PROTOCOL
- NEW RSA WATER ACT NEIGHBOUR FRIENDLY
- NEXT STEP IN IWRM
- RSA NEED TO IMPROVE PROFILE





- HEADS OF STATE
- WATER MINISTERS
- TRIPARTITE PERMANENT TECHNICAL COMMITTEE
- TASK TEAM





MAKE UP OF DELEGATIONS

Mozambique: Leader – Legal

External legal and technical

support

Leader - Technical Swaziland:

Internal resources only

RSA: Leader – Technical

External technical support

Secretariat – Internal resources





TIME AND EFFORT REQUIRED

• 3 YEARS

 30 WORKSHOPS OF UP TO 3 DAY DURATION





INTERIM INCOMAPUTO AGREEMENT

For co-operation on the protection and sustainable utilization of the water resources of the INCOMATI and MAPUTO watercourses

SIGNED AT THE WORLD SUMMIT ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN



JOHANNESBURG

29 August 2002



- 1 Shared watercourse institutions
- 2 Review of national water policies and legislation
- 3 Integrated water resource management.
- 4 Augmentation of water supply to the City of Maputo and its Metropolitan Area.
- 5 Disaster management.
- 6 Transboundary impacts.



- 7 Exchange of and access to information.
- 8 Capacity and confidence building.
- 9 Stakeholder participation and communication.
- 10 System operating rules for the Incomati and Maputo watercourses.
- 11 Preparation of the Comprehensive Agreements



12 Managing the implementation of the IIMA



FUNDING

In 2007 with support of the Dutch Embassy in Maputo funds (4.350.000 Euros + 3.000.000 Euros) were secured to commence with the Progressive Realization of IncoMaputo Agreement – PRIMA Programme cover a period of 3 years





- PRIMA programme is currently implementing 3 out of 12 projects have been identified as priority projects and are as follows:
- Proj. 4 Augmentation of water supply to the City of Maputo and its Metropolitan Area
- Proj. 5 Disaster Management
- Proj. 7 Exchange of & Access to Informatiom





- Proj. 9 Stakeholder Part. & communication
- Proj. 3 Integrated Water Resources Management (Phase one)
- Proj. 10 System Operating Rules for the Incomati and Maputo Water Courses (Phase one)





Training and Capacity building component

 The training needs assessment exercise is ongoing with assistance of the Representatives of the Dutch Ministry of Transport and Water Resources Management





Legal and Institutional Consultancy

- The PRIMA project has commissioned a consultancy on Legal and Institutional aspects
- Need to design and propose a river basin organization
- Need to explore how such an organisation will be staffed and how it will work





- PARTICULAR CHALLENGES
 - UPSTREAM VS DOWNSTREAM
 - STRONG VS WEAK
 - RIGHTS VS NEEDS
 - SOVEREIGNTY
 - LANGUAGE
 - UNCLEAR/DIFFERENT OBJECTIVES
 - LIMITED TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE
 - LIMITED APPLICABLE EXPERIENCE
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- INFLEXIBILITY
- EXTERNAL SUPPORT INFLUENCES



OVERCOMING CHALLENGES

- NEGOTIATION, NEGOTIATION
- USE UMBRELLA AGREEMENTS AS GUIDANCE
- CONSIDER COMFORT OF WEAKER PARTIES
- ADD MANAGED EXTERNAL CAPACITY TO SUPPORT SHORTCOMINGS
- HAVE SIMULTANEOUS TRANSLATION AVAILABLE
- ALIGN OBJECTIVES
- GOOD TECHNICAL BACK UP
- CAPACITATE INSIDE AND OUTSIDE PROCESS
 GOOD SECRETARIAL SERVICES





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RESULT

- COMMITMENT FROM MEMBER STATES
- BASIS FOR CROSS BORDER COOPERATION
- A MILESTONE WATER AGREEMENT FOR SOUTHERN AFRICA
- ACCESS TO INVESTOR FUNDING
- NATIONAL LEVEL PLANNING WITH MORE CERTAINTY



- DEVELOP TIGHT ToR
- BEGIN WITH TECHNICAL SIDE IT ALLOWS FOR BUILDING OF TRUST BEFORE POLITICAL ISSUES COMES TO THE TABLE
- SECRETARIAL FUNCTION VERY **IMPORTANT**
- CONSIDER: TRANSPARENCY, HONESTY, INTEGRITY





- PROCESS HAS TO BE SUPPORTED FROM HIGH MANAGERIAL AND POLITICAL LEVEL (INTERVENTION SOMETIMES REQUIRED)
- PARTICIPANTS SHOULD BE CAPACITATED BEFOREHAND
- PROCESS NEEDS TO BE MANAGED STRONGLY
- NEGOTIATING RULES UNSPECIFIED

 Water & forestry



ELEMENTS/DRIVERS FOR SUCCESS

- POLITICAL WILL
- COMMON NEEDS AND OBJECTIVES
- COMMUNICATION SKILLS
- ACCESS TO SPECIALIST KNOWLEDGE
- STRONG MANAGEMENT
- TECHNICAL/SUBJECT KNOWLEDGE
- ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT
- TRUST



- PATIENCE
- UNDERSTANDING



Thank you for your interest

